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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/572,643	03/20/2006	Hiroyuki Mochizuki	127380	4777
25944 7550 0122V20099 OLIFF & BERIDGE, PLC P.O. BOX 320850 ALEXANDRIA, VA 22320-4850			EXAMINER	
			CROUSE, BRETT ALAN	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1794	
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			01/23/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/572,643 MOCHIZUKI ET AL. Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit Brett A. Crouse 1794 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 October 2008. 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 1-13 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 5 is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-4 and 6-13 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are; a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abevance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)

Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
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 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date 20080114;20061201;20060320.

Paper No(s)/Mail Date.

6) Other:

Notice of Informal Patent Application

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election with traverse of Group I, claims 1-4 and 6-13 in the reply filed on 23
October 2008 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that the cited reference Yu et
al., US 7,098,060 fails to teach the special technical feature of the application because the
reference does not teach converting the dopant to gaseous form, contacting and penetrating the
polymer layer.

This is not found persuasive because the product claims are in product-by-process form.

The reference teaches vapor deposition and diffusion into a polymer layer. Thus the product formed is the result of diffusion of the dopant molecules into the polymer layer.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an

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international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

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3. Claims 1-4, 6-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e), as being anticipated by Yu et al.,

US 7,098,060. Yu teaches:

Column 4, line 42 through column 5, line 26, column 5, lines 41-56, figures 1, 2, teaches an electroluminescent device.

<u>Column 5, lines 27-40</u>, teach the distribution of dopant in the polymer layer can be uniform or non-uniform.

<u>Column 6, lines 9-25</u>, teach the dopant distribution in the polymer layer is readily tuned to optimize emission and device performance.

Column 6, lines 26-49, teach the diffusion of dopants into the polymer layer.

<u>Column 7, line 59 through column 8, line 9</u>, teach a polymer buffer layer. The polymer can be doped or undoped. The passage teaches various deposition methods.

Column 8, lines 10-57, teach various polymer hosts such as

poly(paraphenylenevinylene), polyphenylenes and polyalkylthiophenes. The passage also teaches various dopants for the polymer hosts.

Column 8, line 58 through column 9, line 13, figure 3, teaches an electron injection/transport layer. The layer can comprise conjugated polymers, various small molecules and combinations thereof

<u>Column 11, lines 26-57, example 2</u>, teaches vapor deposition and diffusion of a coumarin green fluorescent dopant into a layer of a poly(p-phenylene) derivative.

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<u>Column 13, lines 21-51, examples 7 and 8,</u> teach electroluminescent devices having various fluorescent and phosphorescent dopants diffused therein.

Claims 1, 2, 6-10, 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Tang et al., US 6,066,357, with further evidence provided by Tang et al., US 4,769,292.

Tang teaches:

Column 7, line 44 through column 8, line 39, figure 5, teach an electroluminescent device structure.

Column 8, line 60 through column 9, line 7, column 9, lines 23-32, figures 6 and 7, teach vapor deposition of the dopant and diffusion of the dopant into the polymer layer.

<u>Column 9, line 66 through column 10, line 16, figure 8</u>, teach vapor deposition of dopants which emit red, green and blue light and subsequent diffusion of the dopants into the polymer layer.

<u>Column 10, lines 33-46, claim 8</u>, teach various preferred classes of dopants including coumarins and pervlenes.

<u>Column 8, lines 5-11, claim 4</u>, teaches various host polymers including polyparaphenylene, polyparaphenylene vinylene and polythiophene.

Tang et al., US 4,769,292 as further evidence (incorporated by reference into US 6,066,357):

Tang '292 teaches perylene as an electron transporting material.

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 Claims 1-4, 6-9, 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Samuel et al., US 6.313.261.

Samuel teaches:

Claim 1, teaches a light emitting device comprising at least two polymer semiconducting layers. The layers further comprise a hole transporting polymer layer and an electron transporting polymer layer. The claim further teaches that the electron transporting polymer layer additionally comprises a conjugated polymer.

Claim 10, teaches various electron transport polymers. The passage also teaches the polymer can be doped.

Claim 13, teaches the hole transporting polymer can be a conjugated polymer. Various polymers are claimed including polyparaphenylene, polyparaphenylenevinylene derivatives and polythiophene derivatives. The passage also teaches the polymer can be doped.

 Claims 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Seo. US 2002/0028349.

Seo teaches:

<u>Paragraphs [0032]-[0035]</u>, teach techniques for forming a doped polymer layer. The techniques include contacting the polymer with a dopant material in the vapor phase. The passage additionally teaches the various doping techniques such as chemical doping and electrochemical doping are substantially equivalent to the diffusion of dopant molecules.

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<u>Paragraphs [0031], [0039]-[0040], [0068]</u>, teach the use of doped polymer layers as charge transport and light emitting layers.

<u>Paragraph [0069]</u>, teaches the metal containing polymer can be used as a hole or electron transporting material layer.

<u>Paragraphs [0071]-[0075]</u>, teach various electron accepting and electron donating dopants.

Paragraphs [0084]-[0091], [0092]-[0099], embodiments 1 and 2, teach an electroluminescent device having a doped polymer layer as the light emitting layer.

Paragraphs [0100]-[0104], embodiment 3, teach an electroluminescent device having a doped polymer layer as a charge transport layer.

 Claims 1-4, 6-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Matsuo et al., EP 1,143,773.

Matsuo teaches:

<u>Paragraph [0243]</u>, teaches various polymers for the organic layer including PPV. The passage additionally teaches the polymer can be mixed with hole or electron transporting materials.

Paragraphs [0168], [0237]-[0238], [0240], teach electron and hole transporting materials.

Paragraphs [0146], [0159], teaches the polymer can have both charge transport and luminous materials therein.

<u>Paragraphs [0135]-[0162], [0167]-[0174]</u>, teach electroluminescent devices, structure and materials

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Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Brett A. Crouse whose telephone number is (571)-272-6494. The

examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Donald L. Tarazano can be reached on 571-272-1515. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

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like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/B. A. C./ Examiner, Art Unit 1794 /D. Lawrence Tarazano/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1794